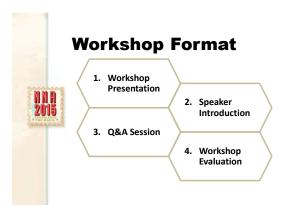


How to Handle Reverse Mortgages

Laura J. Biewer

At Your Service Mobile Notary
Owner, Notary Coach & Signing Professional





Objectives

- · Learn what a reverse mortgage is
- · Recognize reverse mortgages available
- Understand restrictions and reasons for accelerated payment
- Identify documents and steps unique to reverse mortgages
- Specify desired signing agent traits
- · Identified and review top exceptions



What Is a Reverse Mortgage?

- Allows homeowners 62 and older to borrow against the equity in their homes
- Owner receives money from the lender instead of making payments to the lender
- Over time, home owner equity decreases





Types of Reverse Mortgages

- · Single Purpose
- Proprietary
- FHA Home Equity conversion mortgages or HECMs





Single Purpose Reverse Mortgages

- · State/local government backed
- · Low cost loans
- Available only to low or moderate income borrowers
- Money has limited purpose:
 - home repairs
 - improvements
 - property taxes



Proprietary Reverse Mortgages

- Private loans backed by companies that market them
- · Not subject to HECMs, but emulate
- · Sometimes called: Jumbo
- Used for higher-valued homes



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FHA Home Equity Conversion Mortgages

· Referred to as: HECMs

Insured by the U.S.
Dept. of Housing and
Urban Development
(HUD)

•	Account for 90% of a
	reverse mortgages





Who Can Qualify for a Reverse Mortgage?

- · No credit qualification
- · Borrower must be 62 years or older
- Property must be borrowers primary residence
- Single family home or 2-4 unit home with at least one unit occupied by the borrower
- HUD approved condominium project





How Is the Money Released to the Borrower?

- · Lump sum payment
- Term payments
 - Equal monthly installments for a fixed amount of time
- Tenure payments
 - Equal monthly installments as long as the borrower lives in the home
- Line of Credit
 - Allows the borrower to draw funds, until the allowed amount is used up
- Modified
 - Combination of term and tenure



How Much Equity can the Borrower Take Out of the Home?

- Original principal limit is calculated
- 3 ways the amount may be reduced
- Allowable closing costs, 3rd party fees
- Allocation of expected servicing fees
- Set asides to reserve funds for taxes, repairs and loan advances



When Is the Loan Paid Back?

 When the last surviving borrower dies, sells the home or permanently moves out

· Defaults

Permanent move out means:

- No borrower has lived in the house for over a year

- Borrower has been place in Long Term Care

Reasons a Borrower May Be in Default



- Condition during 1st year of loan
- Not paying taxes and insurance
- Filing bankruptcy
- Not maintaining property after the 1st year



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Monitoring Reverse Mortgages

 Maintenance of property condition

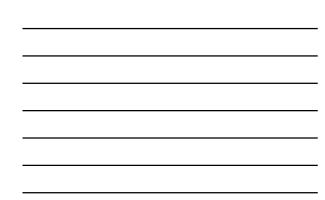
 Confirmation of tax and insurance payments annualy

- Set Asides



Unique Documents for a Reverse Mortgage

- · Two (2) security instruments/notes
- Counseling certificate
- Residential application for reverse mortgages
- Property repair documents (pest control invoice, termite inspection report, etc.)
- · Total annual cost rate disclosure





Why Do Reverse Mortgages Get Bad Press?

- Products are complex
- · Misleading advertising
- Misuse by younger borrowers



Special Concerns for Signing Agents

- · Higher than normal borrower's fees
- Cost of mortgage insurance (unique to HECM)
- Reverse mortgage counseling fees
- · Servicing fees over the life of the loan
- · Advanced age of the borrowers



Special Concerns – Advanced Age of borrowers

- · Screening signers for alertness and willingness is vital Slower pace of signing
- - Takes up to 2 hours
 - Rushing may cause confusion
- Repeated reminders for stipulations may be required
- · Take firm but gentle control of the appointment



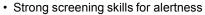
What Do Signing Services want from a Signing Agent?



- · Willing to take extra time
- · Ability to put client at ease
- · Ability to redirect questions to the appropriate contact



What Do Signing Services want from a Signing Agent?



- · Willing to give extra reminders for stipulations
- · Willing to take specialized training



Common Errors for





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Common Errors for Reverse Mortgages

- 5. Missing document
- 6. Incorrect acknowledgments



- 7. Stamp:
 - Missing
 - Blurred
 - · Over verbiage





Summary

- · Loan for borrowers 62 and over
- Most common reverse mortgage is called HCEM, it requires counseling session to obtain and insured by FHA
- · No payments due during life of the loan
- · Special documents
- · Ability to work with older demographics
- · Strong Notary skills



Thank You!

- · Questions?
- · Presenter contact info:

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